

Drug Policy:

Voraxaze™ (glucarpidase)

POLICY NUMBER UM ONC_1225	SUBJECT Voraxaze™ (glucarpidase)		DEPT/PROGRAM UM Dept	PAGE 1 of 3
DATES COMMITTEE REVIEWED 10/03/12, 11/13/13, 04/02/15, 05/24/16, 03/08/17, 11/14/18, 11/13/19, 12/11/19, 10/14/20, 09/08/21, 11/15/21, 05/11/22, 08/10/22, 06/14/23, 06/12/24	APPROVAL DATE June 12, 2024	EFFECTIVE DATE June 28, 2024	COMMITTEE APPROVAL DATES 10/03/12, 11/13/13, 04/02/15, 05/24/16, 03/08/17, 11/14/18, 11/13/19, 12/11/19, 10/14/20, 09/08/21, 11/15/21, 05/11/22, 08/10/22, 06/14/23, 06/12/24	
PRIMARY BUSINESS OWNER: UM		COMMITTEE/BOARD APPROVAL Utilization Management Committee		
NCQA STANDARDS UM 2		ADDITIONAL AREAS OF IMPACT		
CMS REQUIREMENTS	STATE/FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS		APPLICABLE LINES OF BUSINESS Commercial, Exchange, Medicaid	

I. PURPOSE

To define and describe the accepted indications for Voraxaze (glucarpidase) usage in the treatment of cancer, including FDA approved indications, and off-label indications.

Evolent is responsible for processing all medication requests from network ordering providers. Medications not authorized by Evolent may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

The use of this drug must be supported by one of the following: FDA approved product labeling, CMS-approved compendia, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN), American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) clinical guidelines, or peer-reviewed literature that meets the requirements of the CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15.

II. INDICATIONS FOR USE/INCLUSION CRITERIA

A. Continuation requests for a not-approvable medication shall be exempt from this Evolent policy provided:

1. The requested medication was used within the last year, **AND**
2. The member has not experienced disease progression and/or no intolerance to the requested medication, **AND**
3. Additional medication(s) are not being added to the continuation request.

B. Methotrexate Toxicity

1. Voraxaze (glucarpidase) may be used in adult and pediatric members with **ALL** of the following conditions:
 - a. Delayed methotrexate clearance due to renal impairment (e.g., creatinine clearance is 60 ml/min or less)

- b. Plasma concentration of methotrexate, 48 hours after start of Methotrexate, is greater than 1 micromole per liter prior to the first dose of Voraxaze (glucarpidase).

III. EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- A. The member has normal or mildly impaired renal function (i.e., creatinine clearance greater than 60 mL/min).
- B. Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Voraxaze (glucarpidase) 50 units/kg (maximum treatment dose of 2,000 units).^A
- C. Treatment with Voraxaze (glucarpidase) exceeds the maximum duration limit of one dose (patients who received a second dose failed to achieve efficacy with the first dose, this is supported per policy).
- D. Investigational use of Voraxaze (glucarpidase) with an off-label indication that is not sufficient in evidence or is not generally accepted by the medical community. Sufficient evidence that is not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature is defined as any of the following:
 - 1. Whether the clinical characteristics of the patient and the cancer are adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - 2. Whether the administered chemotherapy/biologic therapy/immune therapy/targeted therapy/other oncologic therapy regimen is adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - 3. Whether the reported study outcomes represent clinically meaningful outcomes experienced by patients. Generally, the definitions of Clinically Meaningful outcomes are those recommended by ASCO, e.g., Hazard Ratio of less than 0.80 and the recommended survival benefit for OS and PFS should be at least 3 months.
 - 4. Whether the experimental design, considering the drugs and conditions under investigation, is appropriate to address the investigative question. (For example, in some clinical studies, it may be unnecessary or not feasible to use randomization, double blind trials, placebos, or crossover).
 - 5. That non-randomized clinical trials with a significant number of subjects may be a basis for supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - 6. That case reports are generally considered uncontrolled and anecdotal information and do not provide adequate supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - 7. That abstracts (including meeting abstracts) without the full article from the approved peer-reviewed journals lack supporting clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.

IV. MEDICATION MANAGEMENT

- A. Please refer to the FDA label/package insert for details regarding these topics.

V. APPROVAL AUTHORITY

- A. Review – Utilization Management Department
- B. Final Approval – Utilization Management Committee

VI. ATTACHMENTS

- A. None

VII. REFERENCES

- A. Scott, Jeffrey R et al. Comparable efficacy with varying dosages of glucarpidase in pediatric oncology patients. *Pediatric blood & cancer* vol. 62,9 (2015): 1518-22.
- B. Voraxaze prescribing information. BTG International Inc, West Conshohocken, PA 2022
- C. *Clinical Pharmacology Elsevier Gold Standard* 2023.
- D. *Micromedex® Healthcare Series: Micromedex Drugdex* Ann Arbor, Michigan 2023.
- E. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. *Cancer Guidelines and Drugs and Biologics Compendium* 2023.
- F. AHFS Drug Information. American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists or Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs. Bethesda, MD 2023.
- G. Ellis LM, et al. American Society of Clinical Oncology perspective: Raising the bar for clinical trials by defining clinically meaningful outcomes. *J Clin Oncol.* 2014 Apr 20;32(12):1277-80.
- H. Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15 Covered Medical and Other Health Services: <https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/bp102c15.pdf>.