PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

DRUG CLASS

OMEGA-3 FATTY ACIDS

BRAND NAME (generic)

EPANOVA (omega-3-carboxylic acids)

LOVAZA (omega-3-acid ethyl esters)

VASCEPA (icosapent ethyl)

Status: CVS Caremark Criteria Type: Initial Prior Authorization

POLICY

FDA-APPROVED INDICATIONS

Epanova

Epanova (omega-3-carboxylic acids) is indicated as an adjunct to diet to reduce triglyceride (TG) levels in adult patients with severe (≥500mg/dL) hypertriglyceridemia.

Usage Considerations: Patients should be placed on an appropriate lipid-lowering diet before receiving Epanova and should continue this diet during treatment with Epanova.

Laboratory studies should be done to ascertain that the triglyceride levels are consistently abnormal before instituting Epanova therapy. Every attempt should be made to control serum lipids with appropriate diet, exercise, weight loss in obese patients, and control of any medical problems such as diabetes mellitus and hypothyroidism that are contributing to the lipid abnormalities. Medications known to exacerbate hypertriglyceridemia (such as beta blockers, thiazides, estrogens) should be discontinued or changed if possible prior to consideration of triglyceride-lowering drug therapy. Limitations of Use

The effect of Epanova on the risk for pancreatitis has not been determined.

The effect of Epanova on cardiovascular mortality and morbidity has not been determined.

Lovaza

Lovaza (omega-3-acid ethyl esters) is indicated as an adjunct to diet to reduce triglyceride (TG) levels in adult patients with severe (≥500 mg/dL) hypertriglyceridemia.

Usage Considerations: Patients should be placed on an appropriate lipid-lowering diet before receiving Lovaza and should continue this diet during treatment with Lovaza.

Laboratory studies should be done to ascertain that the lipid levels are consistently abnormal before instituting Lovaza therapy. Every attempt should be made to control serum lipids with appropriate diet, exercise, weight loss in obese patients, and control of any medical problems such as diabetes mellitus and hypothyroidism that are contributing to the lipid abnormalities. Medications known to exacerbate hypertriglyceridemia (such as beta blockers, thiazides, estrogens) should be discontinued or changed if possible prior to consideration of triglyceride-lowering drug therapy. Limitations of Use

The effect of Lovaza on the risk for pancreatitis has not been determined.

The effect of Lovaza on cardiovascular mortality and morbidity has not been determined.

Vascepa

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Vascepa (icosapent ethyl) is indicated as an adjunct to diet to reduce triglyceride (TG) levels in adult patients with severe (≥500 mg/dL) hypertriglyceridemia.

Usage Considerations: Patients should be placed on an appropriate lipid-lowering diet and exercise regimen before receiving Vascepa and should continue this diet and exercise regimen with Vascepa.

Attempts should be made to control any medical problems such as diabetes mellitus, hypothyroidism, and alcohol intake that may contribute to lipid abnormalities. Medications known to exacerbate hypertriglyceridemia (such as beta blockers, thiazides, estrogens) should be discontinued or changed, if possible, prior to consideration of TG-lowering drug therapy. Limitations of Use

The effect of Vascepa on the risk for pancreatitis in patients with severe hypertriglyceridemia has not been determined. The effect of Vascepa on cardiovascular mortality and morbidity in patients with severe hypertriglyceridemia has not been determined.

COVERAGE CRITERIA

The requested drug will be covered with prior authorization when the following criteria are met:

- The patient has, or did have prior to the start of a triglyceride lowering drug, a triglyceride level greater than or equal to 500 mg/dL
 - AND
 - The patient will be on an appropriate lipid-lowering diet and exercise regimen during treatment

REFERENCES

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